SEMESTER LEARNING ACTIVITY PLANS (SLAP) SEMESTER EVEN 2022/2023



Physics Undergraduate Study Program Physics Department Numerical Method MFF 1024/ 2 Credits

Lecturer Coordinator:

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UNIVERSITAS GADJAH MADA FACULTY OF MATHEMATICS AND NATURAL SCIENCE 2022



Universitas Gadjah Mada

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SEMESTER LEARNING ACTIVITY PLANS (SLAP)

Code	Course Name	Credits (Cred	lits)	Semester	Status	Prerequisite	
MFF 1024	Numerical Method	<i>T: 2</i>	<i>P</i> :	EVEN	Compulsory	None	
Short Description	The Nu University. T basic knowled for taking fur branching me Theory and E several macro new materials materials for students to ur schedule in c and offline. F Final Semeste FMIPA UGM Summatively 120 minutes. form of indep then complete process is car questions and independent a	Numerical Method course is compulsory for the Bachelor of Physics at Gadjah Mada . This course is given in the even semester of the first year. This course is intended to provide vledge of numerical methods used in physics problems. Moreover, this course is a prerequisite further courses, namely Computational Physics. Computational Physics is one of the main methods related to how physicists describe and research nature other than through Analytical d Experimental approaches. Through Computational Physics, physicists can accurately predict acroscopic and microscopic natural phenomena, such as planetary movements, predictions of ials, and complex calculations involving sub-atomic particles. Therefore, the provision of basic for numerical methods in the early years can provide sufficient provision for S1 Physics o understand computational physics problems. Learning is carried out based on a face-to-face n class for 14 weeks, with each week consisting of one meeting for 100 minutes, both online e. Four weeks during the lecture period are used for the Mid-Semester Examination and the ester Examination , each of which is scheduled for two weeks by the Academic Section of GM. Evaluation for students for course assessment is carried out summatively and formatively. ely manifested in the form of written exams, both UTS and UAS, which takes a maximum of es. The formative evaluation is realized through independent assignments for each student. The dependent activity is the completion of a task given to students to be discussed in groups and bleted independently at home in the form of a written report for each task. The monitoring carried out by looking at student activities during the lecture, such as attendance in lectures, and answers and discussions on the material being presented, and student performance in doing nt assignments in the form of homework given.					
Program	<i>PLO 2</i> PLO 2 modern physics and able to apply basic concepts of physics and related mathematical methods in finding solutions to physical problems.				ysics and related problems.		
Learning Outcomes (PLO) Imposed	PLO 4	Special Skills. identify a physical and able to ope	Able sical perate	to design and carr problem based on related technologi	carry out experiments/theoretical reviews, abl on the results of observations and experimen- logies.		
on the Course	h the Course Long Life Learning. Able to analyze various alternative solutions to physic problems and conclude them for appropriate decision-making, both in fam new problems.					e solutions to physical naking, both in familiar and	
	After comple	eting this course	, stud	lents are expected	to be able to:		
Course Outcomes (CO)	C01	Students have the ability in Physics Skills, namely how to formulate and describe (to describe) the physical phenomena being studied and reveal important information in these physics problems through various tricks or specific mathematical procedures and utilize various approximations.					
	<i>CO2</i>	Students have to problems in de	the ab	ility in Analytical nalyze problems ar	Skills, namely how nd build argument	v to pay attention to physics s logically and carefully.	

	СО3	Students have the ability in Investigative Skills, namely how to search for physics problems from various sources and references to understand important information.							
	<i>C04</i>	Students have the ability in Problem-Solving Skills, namely how to solve a problem with a structured solution (well-defined solutions), formulate a problem carefully, and try other approaches (approaches) to improve solving a challenging problem (challenging problems).							
		Learning Materials	Learning Methods	Time Allocation					
	CO 1	An introduction to numerical methods, some of the necessary tools, and a brief review of programming languages	TCL-SCL mixed	2X50 minutes					
The Correlation of CO to Learning Materials and Methods, and Time Allocation	<i>CO 1</i>	Explanation regarding number representation, discretization, and an overview of approximation steps (approach or approximation).	TCL-SCL mixed	2X50 minutes					
	CO 1	An understanding of the accuracy of numerical calculations and their relation to computer performance.	Inding of the accuracy of TCL-SCL mixed 2X50 min Iculations and their 2X50 min						
	<i>CO</i> 4	Explanation of various methods for evaluating function values based on the series method.	2X50 minutes						
	<i>CO</i> 2	Explanation of various methods for evaluating function values based on recurrence links.	TCL-SCL mixed	2X50 minutes					
	<i>CO 4</i>	The bisection method is the explanation for calculating the zero point or finding the roots of any function without involving the derivative of the function.	TCL-SCL mixed	2X50 minutes					
	<i>CO 3</i>	Explanation of calculating the zero point or finding the roots of any function by involving the derivative of the function, namely the Newton- Raphson method	TCL-SCL mixed	2X50 minutes					
	Midterm exam/Project Task Results/Case Analysis Results								
	CO 2	Explanation of the method of calculating integral values in a numerical discretization with various integral forms and integral limits	TCL-SCL mixed	2X50 minutes					
	<i>CO 3</i>	Explanation of the method of calculating integral values in numerical quadrature with various integral forms and integral limits	TCL-SCL mixed	2X50 minutes					
	<i>CO</i> 2	Explanation of the matrix evaluation method for solving a set of simultaneous equations	TCL-SCL mixed	2X50 minutes					
	<i>CO</i> 4	Explanation of the matrix evaluation method for solving eigenvalue problems	TCL-SCL mixed	2X50 minutes					

	СО 2 Ех	Explanation of the finite difference			TCL-SCL mixed			
	ap	proach for appr		2X5		0 minutes		
	de	derivative of any function						
	СО 4 Ех	planation of the	TCL	TCL-SCL mixed				
	ap	proach for appr			285	1 minutos		
	so	lution of the dif			243	o minutes		
	in	the initial cond						
	СОЗ Ех	xplanation of the	e finite difference	TCL	TCL-SCL mixed			
	ap	proach for appr	oximating the		<i>2X50</i>			
	SO	lution of the equ	uation					
		Final exan	ns/ Project Task Ro	esults/Case A	Analysis Resu	ults		
Learning Methods	SCL (Student Centered Learning): Project-based learning (Team-based Project)/Case-based learning/PBL/other SCL methods							
Student Learning Experience	Learn to examine and examine each topic that is taught.							
Access to Learning Media/ LMS and Offline and Online Percentage	Offline (LCD, PPT Slide, Whiteboard, Laptop) and Online (Zoom Meeting, Google Meet, Google Classroom)							
	Assessment	Assessment	Criteria/	<i></i>	~~~	~~~	<i></i>	
	Methods	Percentage	Indicators	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	
	Darticipatory	8						
	Activity*							
	Activity* Project Results/ Case							
Assessment Mothods and	Activity* Project Results/ Case Study Results/ PBL Results*							
Assessment Methods and Synchropizatio	Activity* Project Results/ Case Study Results/ PBL Results* Cognitive							
Assessment Methods and Synchronizatio n with CO	Activity* Project Results/ Case Study Results/ PBL Results* Cognitive Assignment	40						
Assessment Methods and Synchronizatio n with CO	Activity* Project Results/ Case Study Results/ PBL Results* Cognitive Assignment Midterm Exam	40 30		√		1	√	
Assessment Methods and Synchronizatio n with CO	Activity* Project Results/ Case Study Results/ PBL Results* Cognitive Assignment Midterm Exam Final Exam	40 30 30		√	↓ ↓	√	 √ √	
Assessment Methods and Synchronizatio n with CO	Activity* Project Results/ Case Study Results/ PBL Results* Cognitive Assignment Midterm Exam Final Exam Total	40 30 30 100		√	↓ ↓ ↓	√		
Assessment Methods and Synchronizatio n with CO	Activity* Project Results/ Case Study Results/ PBL Results* Cognitive Assignment Midterm Exam Final Exam Total *) can also be obta case study resul least 50%.	40 30 30 100 ained from the N its. According to	Aidterm or Final Exa o IKU 7, the percent	√ am as the resi tage of proje	$\sqrt{\frac{1}{\sqrt{1}{\sqrt$	√ atory activitie e study/ PBL	√ √ v results is at	
Assessment Methods and Synchronizatio n with CO References	Activity* Project Results/ Case Study Results/ PBL Results* Cognitive Assignment Midterm Exam Final Exam Total *) can also be obta case study resul least 50%. Main References 1. J. Kiusals Press, IS 2. Curtis F. Addison 3. A. B. Set ISBN: 97 4. Sholihun	40 30 30 100 ained from the M lts. According to s; aas, 2013, Num BN 978-1-107- Gerald dan Path Wesley. io Utomo, 2016 78-602-386-091 dan Zohan Sya	Aidterm or Final Exa o IKU 7, the percent erical Methods in En 03385-6. rick O Wheatley, 20 5, Pengantar Metode -3. h Fatomi, 2021, Per	√ m as the rest tage of proje ngineering w 04, Applied Komputasi u	vith Python 3, Numerical Ar untuk Sains da	√ atory activitie e study/ PBL Cambridge U nalysis, 7th Ed an Teknik, Ud	$\sqrt{\frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}}}$ s or project/ results is at University ddition, GM Press, enggunakan	

Lecturers (Team Teaching)	 Drs. Pekik Nurwantoro, M.S., Ph.D Dr. Fahrudin Nugroho Dr. Iman Santoso Dr. Eko Sulistyo 					
	Date of Drafting	Lecturer Coordinator	Head of Curriculum Committee	Head of Study Program		
Authorization		Drs. Pekik Nurwantoro, M.S., Ph.D		Dr. Eng. Ahmad Kusumaatmaja, S.Si., M.Sc.		